**News Literacy**Project

### What it means to be 'news-literate'

The skills you need to be reliably informed

**April 28, 2020** 



John Silva, NBCT
Director of education



- Developer of curriculum resources and professional development for educators.
- Joined NLP in March 2017.
- 13 years in Chicago Public Schools (middle school and high school social studies teacher).
- NBCT in Social Studies-History.

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What is news literacy?

### News literacy is the ability to ...

- Determine what is credible and what is not.
- Use the standards of authoritative, fact-based journalism in deciding what to trust, what to share and what to act on.
- Interact with news and other information in ways that promote engaged participation in civic life.

Why news literacy matters



RUMORS



















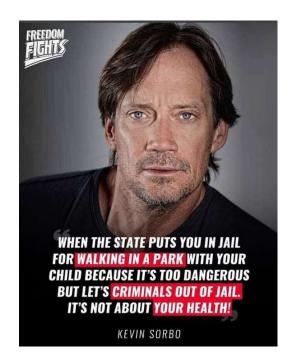
News literacy skills apply to the content and the source of information – not the platform.

### What will you find if you search for these claims?









### Can you tell the difference between fact and fiction?

Essential news literacy skills

## Slow down; recognize your emotional responses.

- Misinformation manipulates our emotions.
- Emotional response overrides rational thought.
- Adolescents and elderly are especially vulnerable.



## Differentiate news from opinion.

### News vs. opinion

- News: Information that **informs** you, through **fair** and **impartial** reporting, about local, national and international events, issues and people of significance or of interest.
- **Opinion:** Information intended to share an opinion or perspective and, often, to try to **persuade** you to adopt or support a specific point of view about an issue or subject.

# Is this news or opinion?



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FROM THE EDITORIAL BOARD

### Mnuchin's excuse for delaying the Harriet Tubman \$20 bill is insulting









...

154 likes

**postopinions** Backpedaling on putting the first African American woman on paper money tells women and girls and people of color that they don't

### Is this news or opinion?



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U.S.

### Many More Students, Especially the Affluent, Get Extra Time to Take the SAT

Responding to parent pleas, high schools grant special test-taking accommodations to growing numbers, a Wall Street Journal analysis shows



### Recognizing opinion

- Look for key words: "opinion," "commentary," "editorial."
- Look for first-person statements by the author (this does not include quotes from others).
- Look for persuasive language.

Note: The "tone" of the text may include exaggeration, sarcasm, irony and superlatives.

### Key standards of quality journalism

**Verification** 

Sourcing

**Fairness** 

**Accountability and transparency** 

Context

## Recognize types and forms of bias.

### Do you perceive bias in this headline?

# "USS Theodore Roosevelt commander relieved of duty"

Is this more biased, less biased, or about the same?

# "Navy removes aircraft carrier captain who raised alarm about coronavirus response"

Is this more biased, less biased or about the same?

# "Commander of aircraft carrier hit by coronavirus removed for 'poor judgment' after sounding alarm"

### Rank these from most to least biased:

- 1. "USS Theodore Roosevelt commander relieved of duty"
- 2. "Navy removes aircraft carrier captain who raised alarm about coronavirus response"
- 3. "Commander of aircraft carrier hit by coronavirus removed for 'poor judgment' after sounding alarm"

### Questions of bias

- Are these all straight news pieces from standards-based news organizations?
- Are these accurate/factual headlines?
- Can we clearly explain which type of bias we perceive?
- Are we projecting our own biases?

### Sources for these headlines (all straight news):



"USS Theodore Roosevelt commander relieved of duty"



"Navy removes aircraft carrier captain who raised alarm about coronavirus response"



"Commander of aircraft carrier hit by coronavirus removed for 'poor judgment' after sounding alarm"

# Understanding Bias

TYPES



#### **Partisan bias**

A type of bias in which a journalist's political views affect news coverage.

### **Corporate bias**



A type of bias in which the business or advertising interests of a news outlet, or its parent company, influence how — or even whether — a story is reported.

#### **Demographic bias**

A type of bias in which race, gender, ethnicity or other factors — such as culture or economic class — affect news coverage.

### "Big story" bias



A type of bias in which a journalist or news outlet tries so hard to avoid appearing biased to anyone that the coverage actually misrepresents the facts.

A type of bias in which journalists' perceptions of an event or development as a major, important story can cause them to miss key details and misrepresent key facts.

### **Neutrality bias**



### **FORMS**



### Absence of fairness and balance

The failure of a straight news report to present a fair and balanced representation of the event or issue. This is a form that various types of bias can take in news coverage.



### **Framing**

The way that journalists approach and organize a story. Various types of news media bias can be expressed in how a story is framed.



### **Tone**

In journalism, the use of words and phrases that affect the audience's perception of the issue or event being covered. This is one form that various types of bias can take in reporting.

### **Story selection**



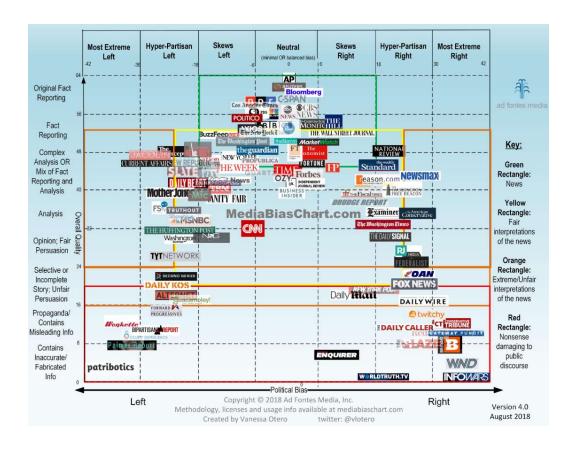
The process that news outlets use to decide which issues and events to cover. This is a form that various types of bias can take in news coverage.

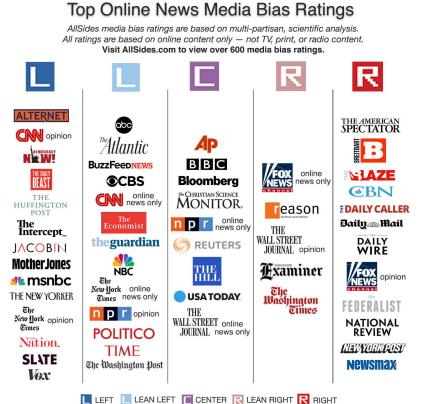


### **Sourcing**

All of the people, organizations, documents and other providers of information that are used to put together a news report. The use of incomplete or otherwise flawed sourcing is one potential form that various types of news media bias can take.

### We might be tempted to rely on charts like these:





**F**AllSides<sup>™</sup>

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Version 1.1 | AllSides 2019

### Efficacy of these charts for determining bias in news

- These charts often reflect the orientation of opinion writers/commentators and the perceptions held by the general public.
- Some sources focus almost entirely on commentary, opinion or propaganda.
- These charts are highly subjective/debatable when it comes to straight news.
- They may even over-simplify a complex issue and discourage critical evaluation.

### Evaluate posts for evidence.

# Does this post provide evidence to support its claim?



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Michelle Case Yikes!!

Mobile Uploads · Apr 14 · @

# Does this post provide evidence to support its claim?

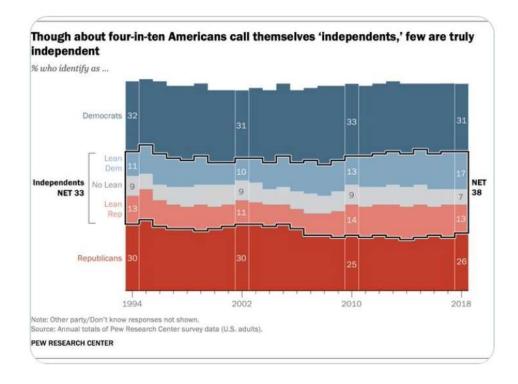


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38% of U.S. adults identify as politically independent, but most "lean" toward one of the two major political parties.

pewrsr.ch/2LMgcWl



# Margarine is ONE MOLECULE away from Plastic; and shares 27 ingredients with Paint. Bon Appetit!





Michelle Case Yikes!!

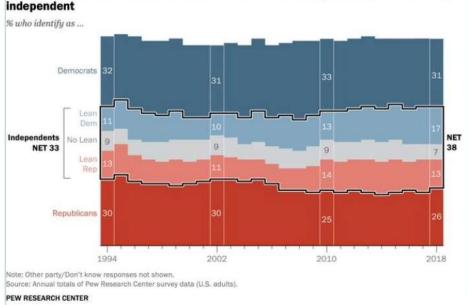
Mobile Uploads · Apr 14 · @



38% of U.S. adults identify as politically independent, but most "lean" toward one of the two major political parties.

pewrsr.ch/2LMgcWl

Though about four-in-ten Americans call themselves 'independents,' few are truly





Just went to 2 hospitals in LA to check out these "War Zones" the MSM keeps telling us about.

They are very quiet & EMPTY.

We are not being told the truth. Why?? Let's get #FilmYourHospital trending. We ARE the news now. We can't trust the news. Post pics of ur hospital here!



2:16 PM · Mar 29, 2020 · Twitter for iPhone

21.9K Retweets 33.9K Likes



## Questions for evaluating evidence

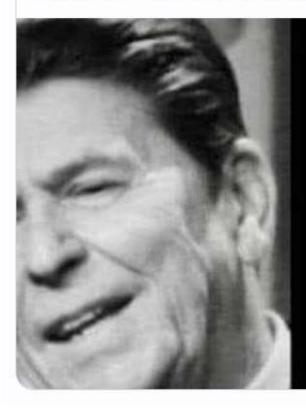
- What/who is the source of the claim?
  - Is the source credible?
- What evidence is there to support the claim?
  - What is the source of the evidence?
  - Is that source credible?
- Is there a clear connection between the evidence and the claim?
- Does the evidence prove the claim?

# Fact-check using lateral reading.



### Mationalist Andrew @Nationalists31 · Jan 6

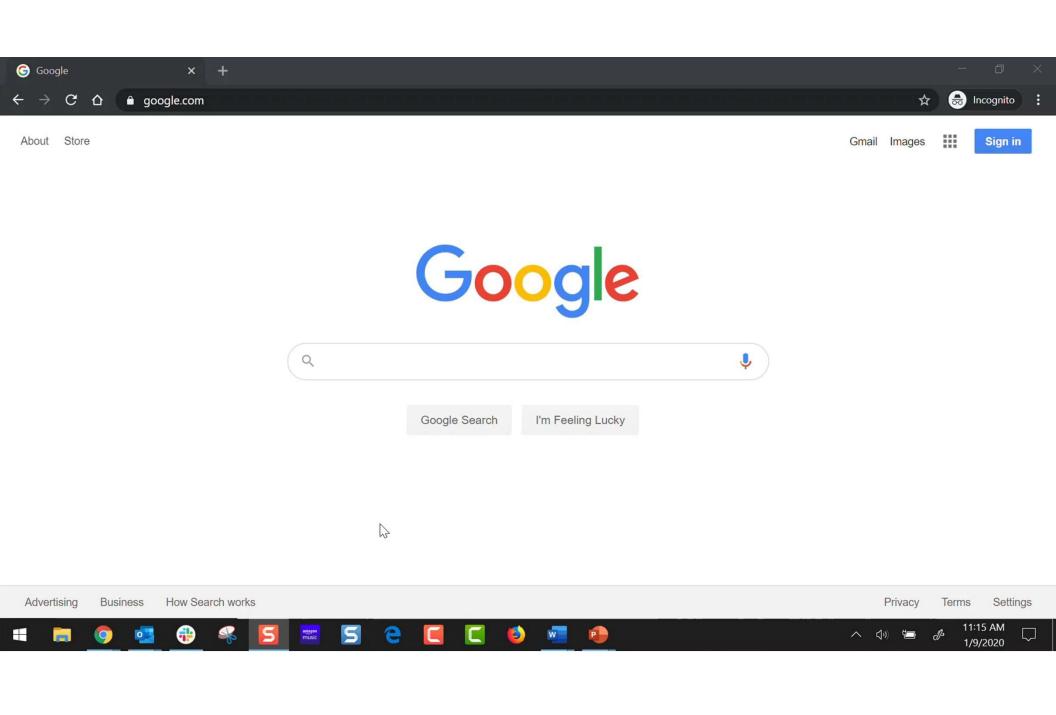
Reagan was on to something and some things never change.



Nancy Pelosi is extremely evil, she comes from the Baltimore democrat corruption machine the D'Alesandro family, both her father Tom D'Alesandro and her brother Tommy D'Alesandro were mayors of Baltimore, a well oiled corrupt democrat family.

## Tips for effective lateral reading

- Use effective search strategies and tools.
- Exercise click restraint; review results carefully.
- Select sources that seem relevant and reliable.
- Evaluate the information and sources you find.
- Keep searching until you are confident.



# Fact-check using reverse image search.

### Reverse image search

- Specialized search that matches pixel patterns.
- Matching and "similar" images in results.
- Three key tools: Google, TinEye, Yandex.
- Multiple ways to search.

NOTE: Results must be evaluated carefully just like with lateral reading.



8:11 AM · Jan 17, 2020 · Twitter for Android





8:11

Here is Che Guevara executing helpless women in Cuba. People who revere and celbrate him are fools. Che was a heartless communist murderer with a bloodlust.



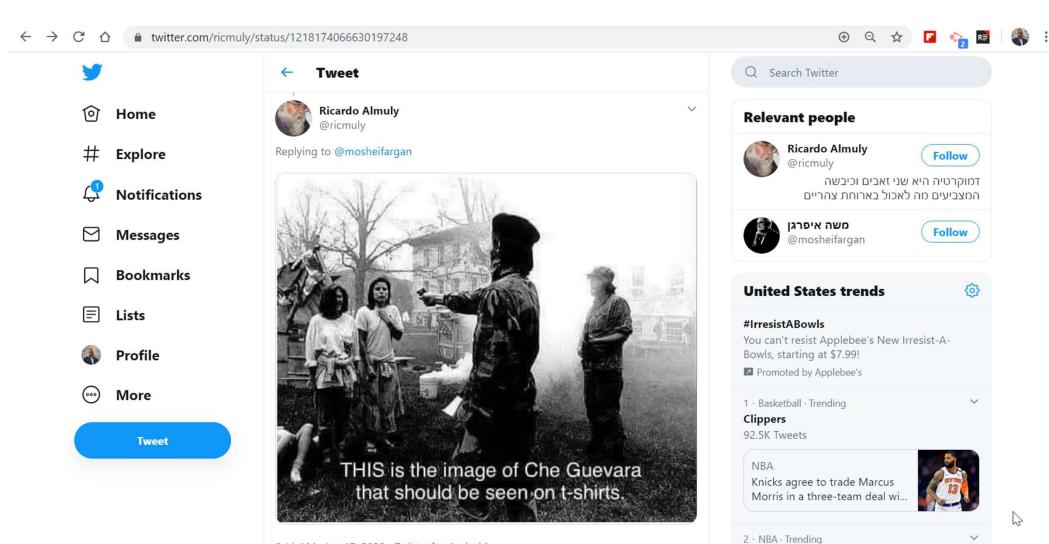
10:54 AM  $\cdot$  Nov 21, 2017  $\cdot$  Twitter Web Client











8:11 AM · Jan 17, 2020 · Twitter for Android

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# Recognize satire.







#### The Babylon Bee @TheBabylonBee · 14h

Progressives Admit They're Just Not Used To Killing People Who Might Fight Back



Progressives Admit They're Just Not Used To Killing People Who Might ... U.S.—Many have been criticizing the left for their apparent unwillingness to say that killing terrorists is a good thing. Many suspected they just ... & babylonbee.com



1.9K

♥ 7.1K

 $\triangle$ 





### They want me to where a mask?? I DONT THANK SO



9:14 PM · Apr 3, 2020 · Twitter for iPhone



### **Brent Terhune**

18.7K Tweets



### **Brent Terhune**

@BrentTerhune

Comedian. Podcast: The Field Trip w/ Brent Terhune

Stinyurl.com/rcc9c5h III Joined April 2009

**4,205** Following **61.8K** Followers

### Satire is a type of misinformation.

- Humor is an emotional response.
- Even well-labeled satire is often shared out of context or plagiarized.
- "I was just kidding" user-generated posts can go viral.
- Verification of content and source is the same as other forms of misinformation.

# Questions for exploration

### How do these apply to our social media feeds?

- Slow down; check emotions.
- Differentiate news from opinion.
- Understand types and forms of bias.
- Evaluate sources for evidence.

- Fact-check using lateral reading.
- Fact-check using reverse image search.
- Recognize satire.

### How would you talk to your kids about these?

- Slow down; check emotions.
- Differentiate news from opinion.
- Understand types and forms of bias.
- Evaluate sources for evidence.

- Fact-check using lateral reading.
- Fact-check using reverse image search.
- Recognize satire.

### How can we model these for family and friends?

- Slow down; check emotions.
- Differentiate news from opinion.
- Understand types and forms of bias.
- Evaluate sources for evidence.

- Fact-check using lateral reading.
- Fact-check using reverse image search.
- Recognize satire.



"



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- 2. We interact daily with the largest and most complex information landscape in human history.



- 1. Information is the basis for civic literacy, agency and action.
- 2. We interact daily with the largest and most complex information landscape in human history.
- 3. Looking critically at the information we share and the sources we use can help slow the spread of misinformation.

# **Q & A time!** (then I'll share resources)

# News Literacy Project resources

### News Literacy Professional Development Series



What it means to be 'news-literate'



Exploring the misinformation landscape



Is it legit? Teaching digital verification to spark news literacy learning



Understanding bias: A nuanced approach to a vital news literacy topic

### News Literacy Professional Development Series

# Register free:

https://bit.ly/maynewslitpd

## https://newslit.org/coronavirus



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For Educators

Updates

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### **Get smart about COVID-19 misinformation**



### No-cost news literacy lessons

We are now offering free Premium licenses for our online platform, the Checkology virtual classroom, to educators and parents in the U.S. who are now engaged in distance or in-home learning as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

LEARN MORE

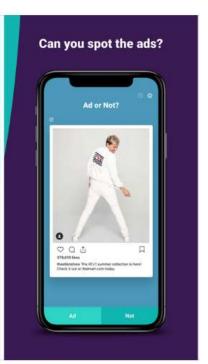




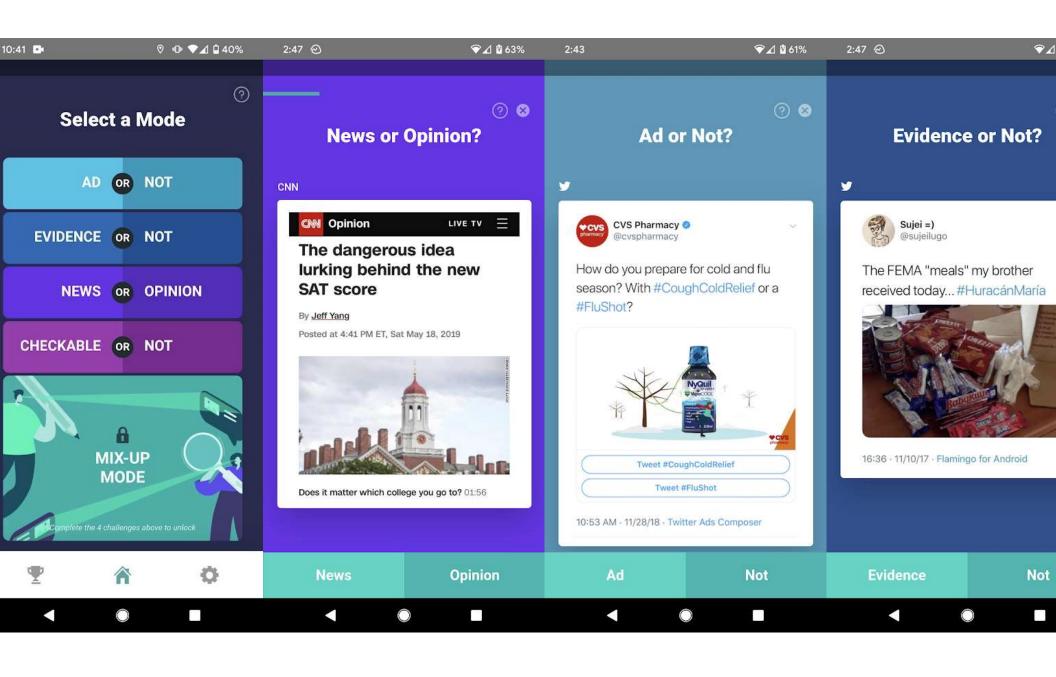




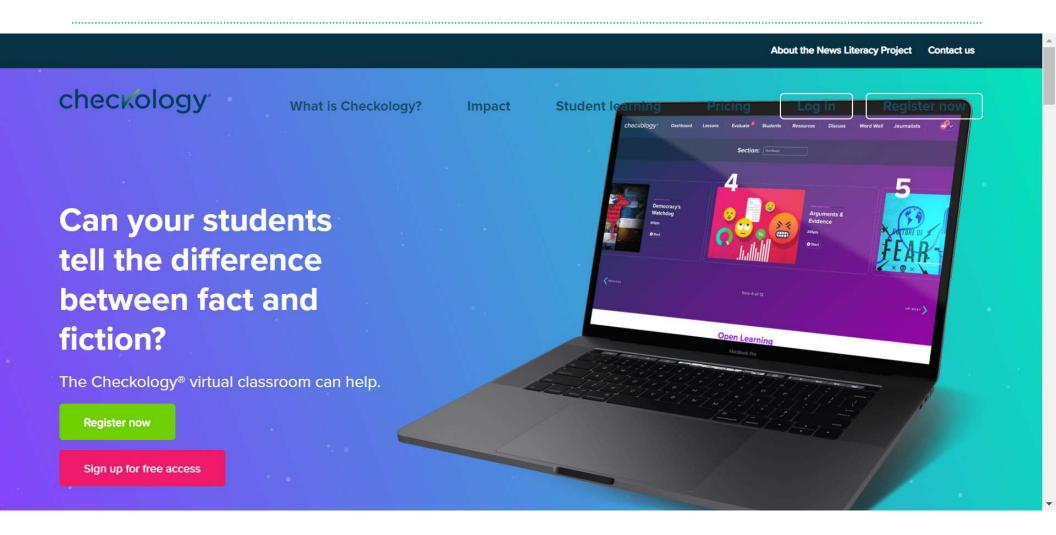


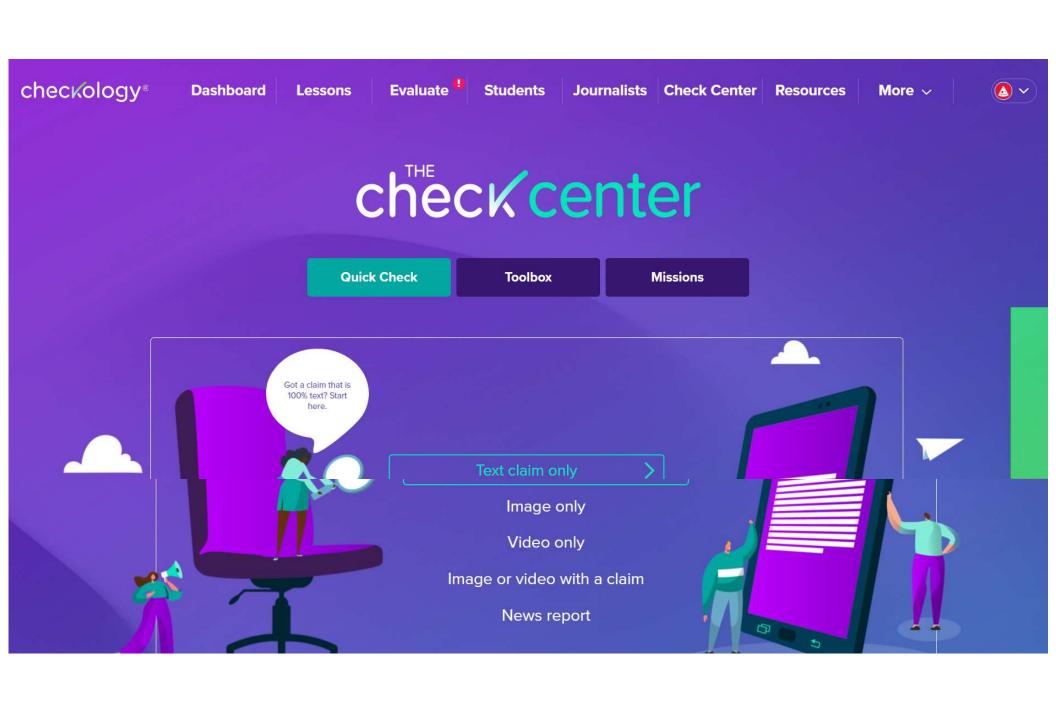


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## For educators: https://get.checkology.org





### Schedule a Classroom Connection, either in person or online, with one of our journalist volunteers.



**Emily Abshire** NPR



Aisha Al-Muslim The Wall Street Journal



**Elaine Aradillas** People



Isaac Arnsdorf **ProPublica** 



Angela Hill Scripps Washington Bureau/Newsy



Madeleine Holth Freelance



**Christina Barron** The Washington Post



Joni Hirsch Blackman West Suburban Living Magazine/freelance



Hannah Bloch NPR



George Bodarky WFUV



Danielle Ivory The New York Times



LA Johnson



### Real-time teachable moments

## Check it out at

newslit.org/educators/sift/







#### Pelosi fake fuels ongoing debate



A screenshot of a side-by-side comparison by The Washington Post showing the differences between the authentic video of Nancy Pelosi's May 22 speech at a Center for American Progress event and a version whose speed and tone were manipulated to make it appear that she was slurring her words.

When a video of House Speaker Nancy Pelosi that had been doctored to make her speech sound slurred was posted to a partisan Facebook page on May 22, it quickly went viral. It also touched off a string of interrelated discussions - about the potential for fake videos to mislead voters in the 2020 presidential election; about the way social media platforms should respond to such videos; and about the role of news media in covering examples of political misinformation.

Some noted the irony in the fact that amid ongoing concern over sophisticated "deepfake" videos fueled by artificial intelligence, such a low-tech manipulation - a "cheap fake," "dumb fake" or "shallow fake" - would fool so many people and cause so much disruption. The incident also reinvigorated the debate over the responsibilities that social media companies may - or may not - have for the

## Your feedback is appreciated!

We use it to improve our professional development offerings.

NOTE: The link is case-sensitive.

http://bit.ly/NLPpdsurvey

# Thank you for joining us today



How to know what to believe









