DETECTING

TRICKS

Context

eople who create disinformation designed to go viral on social media have an array of tools and tactics at their disposal. Simple tricks of context are one of the most common, mostly because they are effective and relatively easy to produce. For example, removing an authentic visual from its original context and presenting it with a false claim is a low-effort, effective tactic to mislead people. Visuals paired with text can feel like compelling evidence - even when they're not.

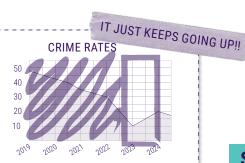
Watch out for these four common tricks of context and use these tips to avoid being fooled.



FALSE CONTEXT:

Presenting genuine media in an entirely new, false context.

Example: A years-old photo being presented as if it were taken during a recent event.



MISREPRESENTATION:

Presenting accurate facts or genuine visuals in a misleading fashion.

Example: An accurate statistic presented in a way that alters the meaning of a larger trend.



STOLEN SATIRE:

Presenting satirical content as if it were accurate information from a reliable source.

Example: A satirical article or meme shared without a disclaimer labeling it as satire.



SELECTIVE EDITS:

Removing essential context from a piece of media to create a false understanding of an issue or event.

Example: A misleading shortened clip that creates an inaccurate perception of something a person said.



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DEBUNKING Tricks of Context

Pause

and gauge your emotions.

Use a reverse image search

> to find the original source of a visual.

Stay skeptical

if you don't recognize the source - or if its credibility is questionable.

Check to see

if the claim in question has been covered by a highquality source, such as a standards-based news organization.

